

## BIG LUMPS OF GOLD

Wonderful Strike Made at Cripple Creek

## CRAZES THE ENTIRE CAMP

Nuggets of Gold Big as Hen's Eggs Found in the Eclipse Mine—Unfolded Riches Uncovered.

DENVER, Oct. 30.—A four foot vein of white talc, carrying free gold in huge cubes, was uncovered in the Eclipse mine at Cripple Creek yesterday. The town has gone wild over the wonderful strike.

Miners who have predicted that Cripple Creek was the greatest gold camp the world has ever known, point to this strike as bearing out their statement. Nothing like it has ever been known in the history of mining. It is being freely made, without the possibility of decision that the land of Ophir mentioned in the Bible was the Cripple Creek country.

The strike was made in the Eclipse mine yesterday just as the night shift was going to work. At a depth of ninety-five feet a vein of white talc, a crystalline quartz, was encountered in the vein, being apparently about four feet wide. The ore was full of rusty gold, some of it being huge cubes. The day crew uttered yells of delight and played their picks with the energy of madmen. As the soft talc and quartz crumbled under their frenzied blows the vein widened and the precious yellow metal fell in lumps, ranging in size from a hen's egg to a foot-ball, on the floor.

Boundaries of Gold. Each stroke of the picks brought undreamed of wealth to view. The miners would cease work for an instant, drop a lump of the metal in their hands, cover it with kisses, call it by endearing terms, then thrusting it in the breasts of their flannel shirts began work again like demons.

The night shift becoming worried that no attention was paid to the signal to take the cage, prepared to descend into the shaft, fearing an accident had occurred. Not a miner in the swaying iron bucket for an instant thought of the real cause of the delay. There was nothing to indicate that a strike had been made. None of the rock showed any signs of a vein or pocket.

For the past two months the Eclipse had averaged a car load each week. The returns from these shipments have averaged over \$100 a ton. This certainly gave no indications of sudden wealth. The cage reached the bottom of the shaft in a few seconds and the anxious men hurried to the tunnel, expecting every instant to stumble over the mangled corpses of their mates. Twisting and turning the lights from the Davy lamps, casting fantastic shadows, the miners hurried on. Suddenly they saw the big white vein with its huge flecks of yellow metal, and the day shift working like maniacs.

Crazed By the News. With a yell of joy the night shift rushed forward, pushing aside the overstrung miners. The thick and fever of gold was on them.

As soon as the news of the strike was known the wildest excitement prevailed in the camp, and when the nuggets were hoisted out of the shaft men went crazy. Today every camp in the country knows of the strike and miners, prospectors and gamblers are moving on Cripple Creek in swarms, anxious to participate in the spending of the gold. The Eclipse mine is located in Equa Gulch and is one of over thirty shipping mines which have been opened since the strike was made. The railroad is pushing to the camp as fast as possible and with its advent new mining property will be operated.

There is no doubt in the minds of old miners but what a blanket vein has been struck, which will surpass the famous Bannack vein at Quartz.

INDIAN FELL SLIGHTLY. Because They Had No Worthy Representatives at Chicago.

CHICAGO, Oct. 30.—Miss Emma C. Siskies, well known in Indian affairs, and at the head of that department in the world's fair auxiliary, has just left the city for the Indian Territory.

T day she was, I recently attended the Creek council, where I was sent pursuant to the pledge given by Colonel Davis to congressmen, as one of the conditions of the world's fair bill. Through the medium of the information at my command I have become convinced that the ill consequences of the action of the fair committee on the desperate people, which I so earnestly tried to avert last year, are about to be realized, and that but two alternatives face our nation. Either a full just and complete representation will be accorded, which give this people an opportunity to participate with the other people of the world in a way which will for the best interests and confidence of the best Indians, or the outbreak, which General Schofield characterized as the most serious in his experience, on account of the extent of its preparation and skill in its organization, will be the subject which will attract the attention of the world next year.

"This knowledge brought me back to Chicago. Had a worthy representative of the Indians, a man who had the confidence of his race, appeared upon the program or been officially recognized in the services at the dedication of the world's fair, there would have been an element of justice now lacking. On the contrary, politicians decided that the people were only permitted the representation of the youth to show what the government is doing for the Indians.

"The Carlisle school has been in operation nearly fifteen years, my war-rior, some of the alumni represented. That view is carefully closed from public gaze, but the condition of the returned convalescent pupils after the hearts of all who have seen it, and makes them understand why the pupils are the most desperate hostiles.

TWO MEN KILLED. And Three Injured By a Bursting Steam Chimney.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—The steam chimney of the steamer Wakefield, river steamer, blew off this morning, fifty miles south of this city. Two men were killed outright, one was blown overboard and drowned, one other is

missing and three were injured. The steamer Mosley, Norfolk for Washington, due at 7 o'clock this morning, has not yet arrived. There was a heavy gale on the river and the day last night and it is feared she had serious trouble.

RIVER OF FIRE. Burning Oil Destroys Numerous Vessels and Factories.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 30.—Point Breeze was visited again by fire at an early hour this morning, and before the flames could be controlled the wharves and shipping were damaged to the extent of nearly \$200,000. The iron bark Felix, Captain Raines, which was lying at the wharf awaiting a load of refined oil, was sunk, and the bark Eleazar, loaded with coal, was badly damaged, also a light oil loaded with cases of oil was burned to the water's edge. Charles Housman's line barge was destroyed, five hundred feet of wharf property was burned, a house and barn belonging to the city were wiped out, and other property was destroyed by fire or damaged. The fire burned furiously all day, and it was not until late this evening that it had been extinguished.

Shortly after 4 o'clock this morning the fireman at the pumping station was startled by the sound of an explosion. A moment later the flames shot up from the river and a pall of dense black smoke began to gather over the harbor. The explosion heard was caused by the bursting of a pipe connecting the Philadelphia and Atlantic oil refineries, located on the east side of the gas works. The oil pipes are buried under the roadway above the wharves.

The escaping oil worked down through the coils, collected beneath the furnaces at the pumping station in such quantities that when it became ignited it exploded with sufficient force to break down the walls, and oil spread in a burning mass over the surface of the water. Fortunately the flames were headed off before they reached the works of the Atlanta Refining company, and the firemen were able to save the glass plant and the Philadelphia Refining works. The greater part of the damage to the shipping is covered by insurance, but the other losses will be total.

"BLOODY SUNDAY" MEETING. Suffering in Great Britain Horrific London Socialists.

LONDON, Oct. 30.—The socialistic committee of six appointed to arrange for the Trafalgar Square demonstration on November 13, the anniversary of "Bloody Sunday," has formulated a resolution which will be presented and undoubtedly passed at all platforms on that day. The resolution affirms that the unemployed workmen in the United Kingdom, and especially in London, are increasing with alarming rapidity, that the suffering during the coming winter is likely to be unprecedented and that, therefore, the imperial government, county councils and all other bodies of local authority ought to prepare to supply employment on needed public improvements in London. The Trafalgar Square demonstration is being boomed and organized by H. M. Hyndman, J. Hunter Watts, Shaw Maxwell and other conspicuous leaders. The fund for the demonstration is under the care of Wm. Saunders, and he reports that the contributions have thus far exceeded expectations.

FIVE NEGROES KILLED. They Attempt to Murder White Men and Dis.

SELMA, Ala., Oct. 30.—On Thursday night the house of David Sanders, a white man, who lives about six miles from Selma, was shot at by a crowd of negroes. Sanders got out of his bed and followed the negroes, and shot and killed two of them. He returned to his home, procured a wagon and carried the dead bodies of the negroes to the village of Sardis. Sanders was arrested, and a preliminary examination was discharged.

On Friday night Wesley Ethridge, another young white man, residing at the town of Richmond, became involved in a difficulty with a crowd of negroes. He shot and instantly killed one of them, Columbus Reeves, who had tried to pistol to shoot Ethridge. Reeves' mother attacked Ethridge with an axe. Ethridge shot and fatally wounded her. Another negro, Ed Pickens, attacked Ethridge, and he was shot and dangerously wounded. Everything is quiet.

IS STILL HORRIBLE. Anchor Line Gives Number of the Roumanian Passengers.

LONDON, Oct. 30.—The Anchor line says that the steamship Roumanian, wrecked on the Bosphorus coast, carried forty-six passengers and sixty-six men in her crew. Eight of the passengers were children.

Among the other passengers drowned were Lady Johnson's nurse and baby; Miss Burbridge, daughter of Canon Burbridge of Liverpool; the Rev. Mr. Maudslayi, a Wesleyan missionary; Mrs. Maudslayi, who graduated in medicine in Glasgow; Mrs. Bonflower, who was accompanied by her four children and Mrs. Thompson, a bride. All but one of the married women in the cabin were going to India to join their husbands.

WANTED HIS LIFE. But Henry Wain's Home and Fooled the Mob.

SEATTLE, Wash., Oct. 30.—Twenty citizens of Ballard, a suburb of this city, hunted Friday night for policeman Thomas Henry, who had been tried here for murder in the second degree, intending to lynch him, but Henry was not at his home. The mayor of Ballard was at Henry's home with a well armed posse and there would have been bloodshed if an attack had been made. Late in the evening Henry went back to his home, prepared to defend his life if attacked, but the citizens did not attempt to molest him. Henry was afraid to go to his home last night and remained at the sheriff's office in this city.

HORRIBLE FIND. Paris Rag Pickers Discover a Hacked Corpse.

PARIS, Oct. 30.—Rag pickers in the Rue Rivoli found today in a basket of rags the body of a woman cut in twelve pieces. The pieces had been soaked in carbolic acid and it was supposed at first that they were from a hospital or laboratory. This theory was upset, however, by the evidence of the clothes, which were of the kind worn by the poor of Paris. The body had been hacked apart. The police think that the woman was murdered.

## ADLAI HAS DONE IT

He Mournfully Accepts the Nomination.

## BUT MAKES GROVER STAND IT

The Burden of His Plight Is Terrible Obedience to the Chicago Platform and the Force Bill.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Oct. 30.—The following letter of acceptance was sent yesterday to the president of the national democratic convention.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Oct. 29.—To the Hon. Wm. L. Wilson, chairman, etc.

"When in the presence of my countrymen, I accepted the honor conferred upon me by the convention over which you presided, I promised to indicate by letter in a more formal manner my acceptance of the nomination tendered me by the assembled representatives of the democratic party of the United States. Since that time I have been engaged, continually, in the discussion before the people, of many states of the Union, of the issues emphasized by the convention and represented by our candidate for president (Grover Cleveland.) Opportunity has thus been denied me to write with the care I would like, the more formal answer promised to your committee.

The full discussion of public questions, commonly expected from a candidate for vice president, has been rendered less imperative by the complete presentation of the democratic creed by the gentleman with whom I have the honor to be associated as a candidate on the national ticket. His treatment of the issues now before the country for discussion and settlement was so complete that I can do little more than take his position and give it the emphasis of my unqualified approval.

Wanders on Taxation. The greatest power conferred upon human beings is that of taxation. All the great struggles of the past for a broader political liberty have looked towards the limitation of this power by right to tax a right which should be always limited by the necessities of government and the benefits of which may be shared by all.

Whenever this power is used to draw tribute from many for the benefit of the few, or when part of the people are oppressed in order that the remainder may prosper unduly; equality is lost, and the growth of such a condition into precedent, which is used to excuse new exactions, and there arise artificial distinctions which the beneficiaries come to look upon in due time as vested rights, sacred to themselves.

It is plain that our political inequitable system of tariff taxation has promoted the growth of such a condition in our land, favored though it has been by an industrious and enterprising people, a friendly climate, a productive soil and the highest development on the part of liberty. If the beneficiaries of this system shall be able to add a new tenure of power to those they have already enjoyed, the development of these unfavorable conditions must continue until the power to tax will be lodged in those who are willing and able to pay for the perpetuation of privileges originally conferred by a confiding people, for the preservation inviolate of their own government.

Adlai on Free Coinage. There is no longer pretext or excuse for the maintenance of a war tariff in times of peace and more than a quarter of a century after armed conflict has ceased. The platform of the national democratic convention demands the reform of this system and the adoption, in its place, of one which will insure equality to all our people, in an open and hearty accord with these purposes.

The convention also declared its position on the currency question in no unmeaning words, when it said in its platform: "We hold to the use of both gold and silver as the standard money of the country and to the coinage of both gold and silver in equal proportion against either metal or charge for coinage. But the dollar unit coinage of both metals must be of equal intrinsic and exchangeable value or be adjusted by high international agreement or by such safeguard of legislation as shall insure the parity of the two metals and by its position in the market and in payment of debt, and we demand that all paper currency shall be kept at par with and redeemable in such coin.

To this plain and unequivocal declaration in favor of sound, honest money, I subscribe without reservation or qualification.

The Iniquitous Force Bill. A safe circulating medium is absolutely essential to the protection of the business interests of our country, while to the wage earner or the farmer, it is all important that every dollar, whatever its form, that finds its way into his pocket, shall be of equal unquestioned and universal exchangeable value and of equal purchasing power.

"Another sign of great moment in the pending contest is the Force bill, the magnitude of which cannot be overestimated. It may mean the control of the election of representatives in congress by the bayonet. The republican party, by its acts in the fifty-first congress and by its platform in its late national convention, stand pledged to the passage of this bill. That it will pass when it has the power, no sane man can doubt. To all our people who desire the peace and prosperity of our common country this question is all important.

"Since my nomination I have been in sight of the southern and southwestern states of the union and have talked with all classes and conditions there. I find general and growing apprehensions of evil, which is believed would result in the passage of the Force bill or similar threatened legislation. I find that the industries established by northern capital, during Mr. Cleveland's administration, are in a languishing condition. That the immigration of labor and the investment of capital invited to those states by their own peaceful condition had to a large measure ceased.

A Catholic Picture. The enactment of a force bill into a law would threaten the liberties of the entire people, would undoubtedly retard the material growth of the states at which it is specially

aimed, would incite in many communities race troubles and invite legislation which would disturb property rights and discontinue and destroy the security of northern investments. And its reflex action upon the northern states would result in a consequent loss of commercial and trade relations with the vast territory now becoming tributary to their wealth and prosperity.

"I say nothing now of the inherent vice of the union and revolutionary spirit involved in the Force bill, which was pronounced by a republican senate 'the most infamous that ever crossed the threshold of the senate.' I appeal to the instinct of self-interest and common justice in the American people.

"The era of good feeling and renewed commercial relations, commencing with the election of Mr. Cleveland in 1884, should not be interrupted by the inauguration of a policy which tends to destroy popular representation and the purity of self-government. It is for the interest of the nation to discredit federal power, to perpetuate itself, which seems to keep alive sectional jealousies and strife, which threatens important commercial interests and which offers no excuse or palliation for its existence except the perpetuation in power of a political party which has lost public confidence.

"I accept the nomination tendered me, and should the action of the convention meet the approval of my countrymen, I will, to the best of my ability, discharge with fidelity the duties of the important trust conferred on me. Very respectfully,

ADLAI E. STEVENSON.

ANOTHER PROPHECY. Breckenridge, of Kentucky, Does Some Forecasting.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—Congressman W. C. P. Breckenridge, of Kentucky, is stopping at the Hoffman house. He came to New York yesterday to speak at a mass meeting in Brooklyn. He has a few engagements to speak in this state.

"What do you think of the outlook?" he was asked to-day.

"I regard it as an indication of Cleveland's election. I don't think there is any doubt about it. I have carefully looked over the situation and this is my conclusion. The chances in this state, which I do not know, are decidedly in our favor. I do not expect that we shall lose a single southern state on account of the popular vote or any coalition. It has been a quiet campaign, a campaign of education, and if Cleveland is elected it will be on the issue of tariff reform, upon which the voters have been thoroughly enlightened. I do not know what the situation in the west is, as I have not visited that part of the country."

Mr. Breckenridge was asked if he had anything to say about his denunciation of the invitation to speak at the dedication of the world's fair, but answered: "Nothing at all. I do not know what the situation is, as I have not visited that part of the country."

He expressed himself as emphatically against the opening of the world's fair on Sunday after congress had voted that it should be closed, but he declined to discuss the question that has been raised to the rights of congress to legislate or interfere in religious observances, or the observances of Sunday.

Quay Denies It. NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—Senator M. S. Quay of Pennsylvania is still in New York. It is said that he will remain here until the middle of next week. His attention was called today to the dispatch sent from this city Friday night by Col. A. K. McClure of the Philadelphia Times saying that he (Quay) had abandoned all hope of republican victory in New York state.

"He once denied that I made any such admission," he replied. "It was only a few days ago when a similar report was current."

Mr. Quay declined to express his views on the outlook in this state or the general situation, but intimated that he would make a statement before next Sunday. Mr. Quay retains his position at the Hotel Astor, where he has frequent private conferences with the republican campaign manufacturers.

Carlisle Won't Vote. NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—Senator John G. Carlisle of Kentucky, arrived in town last night.

Being asked about the report that he did not register he said: "A good deal of importance seems to be attached to my failure to register. The simple fact was that I was in Frankfurt attending the court of appeals. I understood that the Kentucky assembly would, before I left home that the city council of Covington would pass an ordinance allowing two additional days for registration, but the ordinance was not passed and when I arrived in Covington I found the registry lists closed. That is all there was to it."

Dwagier Queen Dead. BERLIN, Oct. 30.—A dispatch from Stuttgart announces the death of the Queen of Wurttemberg.

CLEAN BILL OF HEALTH. Hamburg Packet Arrives Without a Case of Cholera.

QUANTICO, Oct. 30.—The Hamburg American Packet company steamship Russia, from Hamburg, had fifty cabin passengers, the first to arrive at this port since the arrival of the last cholera-infected steamer. They were all in good health and their baggage was thoroughly disinfected at quarantine. These people have been visiting friends in Germany, in places which were free from cholera, but returned by this steamer because they had return tickets by this line and had waited until the steamer had subsided before leaving for their homes in this country.

The cargo of the Russia will be discharged at the dock in Hoboken under the supervision of the quarantine officers.

NEW KIND OF SUNDAY. Most Hyacinthe on the World's Fair Question.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—Mme. Hyacinthe, the French woman who for several years has been engaged in evangelic work in advancing Christian unity, is registered at the Fifth Avenue hotel. She has just returned from a tour in the west. Mme. Hyacinthe is taking unusual interest in the Sunday question at the World's Columbian Exposition.

Speaking about it today, she said: "The fair should and must be kept open on Sunday for the multitude of visitors who will crowd the city of Chicago. Closing the fair on Sunday would compel them to seek diversion in theaters, concert halls and saloons and lead to all kinds of vicious amusements. But if the fair is kept open on

## SHE USED A WHIP

Princess Stephanie Severely Thrashes Count Chotek

## IN THE STREETS OF VIENNA

The Princess is the Widow of the Late Crown Prince of Austria—Nice Scandal.

LONDON, Oct. 30.—A tremendous sensation has been caused in Vienna by a scandalous affair in which the Princess Stephanie, widow of the late Crown Prince Rudolph, is mentioned. On Thursday last two cavaliers, evidently of the high nobility, were loitering on horseback on the Prater, when a handsome lady drove up in a well appointed carriage. The carriage stopped near where the cavaliers were loitering, and the lady alighted. She drew a whip and struck one of the riders rapid blows about the head and face until the blood came. The affair attracted attention, although the gentleman who was being thrashed submitted without a murmur to his painful scourging. The police came dashing up, and thereupon the lady ceased the castigation and drove rapidly away, the two riders likewise galloping off in another direction.

The Police Abrid. The police made strenuous efforts to discover who the disturbers were, but their ardor was quickly dampened when they ascertained that the gentleman who had been scourged was no other person than Count Chotek, and it is asserted that the lady was the Princess Stephanie, who, but for the suicide of her husband, the late crown prince, would have been next empress of Austria. Count Chotek is one of the leaders of the Viennese aristocracy. He is a major in the army, and aide-de-camp to the arch duke Albert, of Austria, while the countess Chotek is one of the ladies of the court to the arch duchess Isabella. Count Chotek disappeared from Vienna on the day of the incident, which has caused much excitement in court circles.

CHURCH AND STATE. Wilhelm to Speak at the Luther Celebration.

BERLIN, Oct. 30.—The speech of the Emperor William at the Wittenberg celebration tomorrow will be of a special religious nature. It will touch gingerly upon the relations of church and state and will emphasize his opinion that evangelical monarchs, notably of the house of Hohenzollern, have always made the protection of religious liberty and the toleration of the best elements of the most conspicuous features of their domestic policy.

Should the emperor make the last mentioned avowal he will discourage the Lutheran zealots who are trying to drive Professor Harnack from the chair of theology in Berlin. The city of Wittenberg has been decorated magnificently in honor of tomorrow's anniversary. Despite the chilliness of the weather hundreds of peasants who have walked to the city will be obliged to sleep tonight in the fields or in temporary sheds. Hotels and houses are overflowing.

Further, a physician, descended from the great reformer, has gone to Wittenberg to represent the Luther family. The mayors of Hamburg, Luebeck and Bremen left this afternoon to be present at the celebration of the old free cities.

Fell and Broke His Skull. LONDON, Oct. 30.—James Rodgers, a New York merchant, while going upstairs to his room in the Hotel Imperial, Edinburgh, last night, slipped and fell to the bottom of the flight. He was picked up unconscious and was removed to the Royal Infirmary. He died an hour without having recovered consciousness. An examination showed that he had suffered from a compound fracture of the skull.

Shot a Gambler. TOLEDO, Oct. 30.—Joseph Fournier, a prominent saloon keeper and politician, was shot and mortally wounded James Coggins, a gambler, this evening. The trouble grew out of Coggins' alleged intimacy with Fournier's wife.

Cardinal Lavigne Dying. PARIS, Oct. 30.—Cardinal Lavigne, who has been ailing for some time, is reported to have become suddenly worse. His physician considers his condition critical.

Match, Kerosene, Burned Man. LANSING, Oct. 30.—Daniel Badley, a foreman at E. Bement & Son's establishment, undertook to light a fire with kerosene at the company's office this noon. In the double explosion which followed, involving both the stove and the oil can, he was very badly burned about the hands and face. The office took fire, but the flames were extinguished before any damage was done.

Man and Boat Lost. LEBANON, Oct. 30.—About 7 o'clock Saturday night, during the gale, Al Russell, fireman at Butters & Peters' machine works, attempted to return to his home in a small rowing boat. As nothing has been seen of him nor the boat since, he is supposed to have been drowned. He was aged about 40 years, a widower, with no children.

Horrible Hunting Accident. CLEVELAND, Oct. 30.—Frank Debo, of this city, was brought here last night shot in the head. He was hunting near Wolverine, got upon a log and fell off, striking his head against the jaw and came out near the top of his head, making a horrible wound. The brains were exposed. He walked two miles for help, and the wound was not dressed for hours. He will probably die.

Death at 101 Years. PORT HURON, Oct. 30.—Mrs. Joseph Bennett, a resident of this city since 1850, died yesterday at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Charles E. Little, at the age of 101 years, having been born in Vermont about N. Y., in 1791. She was the mother of thirteen children, two of whom are now living.

Value of a Woman's Vote. JACKSON, Oct. 30.—In the last of Alameda against Albert Lacey, for treasurer of Michigan, and seeking election to the legislature, a verdict for the incumbent for \$1,500. Lacey is a farmer residing in Blackman.

## PUT IN A TRANCE

Criminal Gives His Testimony While Hypnotized,

## REMARKABLE SCENE IN COURT

Autohypnotist Enacts the Part He Played in an Attempted Murder—The Prosecution Thought Him Shamming.

SANTA ROSA, Cal., Oct. 30.—When Eyraud was put on trial in Paris his counsel wished to put Gabrielle Bonnard into the hypnotic state in order that she might rehearse the murder tragedy, but the court refused. Such a hypnotic scene was carried out here yesterday in the trial of Edward J. Livermash, an erratic newspaper man, for the attempted murder of Darnus Etheridge.

Livermash became cranky about a year ago, and his first escapade was to masquerade as a negro in San Francisco. He was arrested and fined. He went to Cloverdale, near Santa Rosa, and made a savage assault upon old Etheridge, who he declared had promised to bequeath him a fortune. He put six bullets into the old man, but luckily none inflicted a mortal wound.

When arrested, Livermash pretended he mistook Etheridge for the police judge, who fined him in San Francisco. He talked incoherently and at times claimed he was king of Sam, and he was sent to the asylum. Last week he was released, and suit was at once brought against him.

Hypnotized Livermash. Witnesses told the story of his vagaries, the chief testimony being furnished by his wife. Then his counsel proposed to put Livermash into the hypnotic state in court and let him live over again the events of the night of the attempted murder. Dr. Gardner, who has acquired great influence over Livermash, hypnotized him by means of waving a shining disc before his eyes. Experts for the prosecution tried to see whether he was shamming. They ran a needle through his ear, but he never winced. He answered every question asked and gave in minute detail what he did on the eventful night as well as what he thought.

Finally the subject began to escape the doctor's control. Dr. Carpenter then explained that Livermash was a victim of autohypnotism—that is, he could throw himself into a state which resembled somnambulism, during which he was not responsible for his actions. It was in such a state he attempted murder. He was dangerous unless under control of a stronger nature. The trial is still on and is exciting great interest.

FILLED THE PULPITS. W. C. T. U. Delegates Preach in Denver Churches.

DENVER, Oct. 30.—At Trinity church this afternoon Mrs. Mollie McGee-Snell, of Mississippi, evangelist, delivered the annual sermon to the W. C. T. U. conference. The opening exercises were conducted by Miss J. W. Greenwood, of Brooklyn, superintendent of the evangelistic department, and Lady Henry Somerset made the opening prayer. Mrs. Snell's subject was the invitation of God and her address was one of unusual power. This invitation she said was sent out thousands of years ago, but was the same yesterday, to-day and forever, and was intended for every one in every age. She compared this invitation to those of men to earthly amusements and entertainments and how infinitely more worthy acceptance it was. The various pulpits of the city were occupied both morning and evening by delegates. Lady Henry Somerset addressed an audience which filled Trinity church to overflowing in spite of the heavy rain, while the other churches all had good congregations.

Killed by His Father's Mistress. BRISTOL, Tenn., Oct. 30.—At Wallace's switch, five miles east of here, Isaac Youngersport was stabbed in a fearful manner by a woman named Pless Miller. Isaac's father, who has been keeping this woman, is said to be accessory to the crime. Youngersport was taken to the hospital in search of his father. When he entered the house the old man knocked him down with a chair and the woman pulled a knife which she plunged into the young man's back. Youngersport is dead.

Iron Finishers Organized. PITTSBURGH, Oct. 30.—Representative finishers from all of the iron and steel mills in and about Pittsburgh met last night and perfected their new organization, to be known as the Finishers Union. All necessary preliminaries as well as the constitution were adopted. Hereafter the finishers will exist as an organization independent of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers, but will at all times work in harmony with the latter.

Steamer Island Quarantined. NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—The Danish steamer Island and has thirty-two to thirty-three second cabin and 513 steerage passengers. Captain Skold reports, October 25, Anna Halvorsen, aged 24 years, of Norway, died of consumption. The Island is held pending disinfection of baggage and the examination of passengers. They are also subject to the twenty days detention rule of the treasury department.

Lynch a Negro. MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Oct. 30.—News comes from Monroe county of the lynching of Allen Parker, colored, near Monroeville, last night. He had been arrested for burning a house and fifteen boxes of cotton and was taken to jail by one deputy. Two miles from town a mob of twenty masked men met the sheriff and took the prisoner from him. Parker confessed and was hanged to a tree.

Murder and Suicide. SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 30.—Perry this morning James H. Bartlett, one of the survivors of the Japanese expedition, killed his wife's niece, Lottie E. Carpenter, recently of Evansville, Ind., wounded his wife and suicided.

Save Lost Depot Burned. KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 30.—By an incendiary fire, which broke out at 3:30 o'clock tonight, a historic old station line depot of the Missouri Pacific railway was totally destroyed.